

1. ORIGINAL

Government expenditures rose from 21 percent of GDP in 2010 to 25.8 percent and 30.2 percent in 2011 and 2012, respectively.

1. REVISED

Government expenditures rose from 21 percent of GDP in 2010 to 25.8 percent in 2011, and to 30.2 percent in 2012.

2. ORIGINAL

The mean (SD) concentrations of ft3, TBG and TSH were 1.18 (0.15) ng/dL, 35.6 (7.1) µg/mL, 1.19 (1.30) µIU/mL, respectively.

2. REVISED

The mean (SD) concentration of ft3 was 1.18 (0.15) ng/dL, that of TBG 35.6 (7.1) µg/mL, and that of TSH was 1.19 (1.30) µIU/mL.

Mean (SD) concentrations varied: (1) ft3, 1.18 (0.15) ng/dL; TBG 35.6 (7.1) µg/mL; and TSH 1.19 (1.30) µIU/mL.

*Mean (SD) concentrations varied:
(1) ft3, 1.18 (0.15) ng/dL;
(2) TBG, 35.6 (7.1) µg/mL; and
(3) TSH, 1.19 (1.30) µIU/mL.*

3. ORIGINAL

When a turtle swims horizontally at constant speed, the horizontal forces, thrust and drag and the vertical forces, buoyancy and gravity, are balanced respectively.

awkward structure
confusing with so many commas

3. REVISED

When a turtle swims horizontally at constant speed, a balance is achieved between horizontal forces and vertical forces, between thrust and buoyancy, and between drag and gravity.

When a turtle swims horizontally at constant speed, a balance is achieved between horizontal and vertical forces, thrust and buoyancy, and drag and gravity.

When a turtle swims horizontally at constant speed, a balance is achieved between (1) horizontal forces and vertical forces, (2) thrust and buoyancy, and (3) drag and gravity.

4. ORIGINAL

Our in-situ RB-SR dating instrument enabled us to measure three samples whose K concentrations and ages have been measured previously: a hornblende (K₂O=1.12 wt%, 1.75 Ga), a biotite (K₂O=8.44 wt%, 1.79 Ga), and a plagioclase (K₂O=1.42 wt%, 1.77 Ga). We obtained the model ages of 2.1±0.3, 1.8±0.2, and 2.0±0.3 Ga, respectively, for these samples.

4. REVISED

Our in-situ RB-SR dating instrument enabled us to obtain the model ages of three previously measured samples with known K concentrations and ages: 2.4±0.25 Ga for a hornblende (K₂O=1.32 wt%, 1.35 Ga), 2.2±0.15 Ga for a biotite (K₂O=7.67 wt%, 1.49 Ga), and 2.0±0.25 Ga for a plagioclase (K₂O=1.52 wt%, 1.36 Ga).

Our in-situ RB-SR dating instrument enabled us to obtain the model ages of three previously measured samples with known K concentrations and ages: (1) 2.4±0.25 Ga for a hornblende (K₂O=1.32 wt%, 1.35 Ga), (2) 2.2±0.15 Ga for a biotite (K₂O=7.67 wt%, 1.49 Ga), and (3) 2.0±0.25 Ga for a plagioclase (K₂O=1.52 wt%, 1.36Ga).

Our in-situ RB-SR dating instrument enabled us to obtain the model ages of three previously measured samples with known K concentrations and ages:

- (1) 2.4±0.25 Ga for a hornblende (K₂O=1.32 wt%, 1.35 Ga),*
- (2) 2.2±0.15 Ga for a biotite (K₂O=7.67 wt%, 1.49 Ga), and*
- (3) 2.0±0.25Ga for a plagioclase (K₂O=1.52 wt%. 1.36 Ga).*

5. ORIGINAL

*First, the chaperone protein SecB and the glycolipids were mixed at 5.82 and 0.23 mg/mL, respectively, in the presence of 2.25 % octyl-*alv*coside.*

5. REVISED

First, in the presence of 2.25 % octyl-glycoside, the chaperone protein SecB were mixed at 5.82 mg/mL, and the glycolipids were mixed at 0.23 ma/mL.